



ESG

Evolution & Opportunities

September 7, 2022

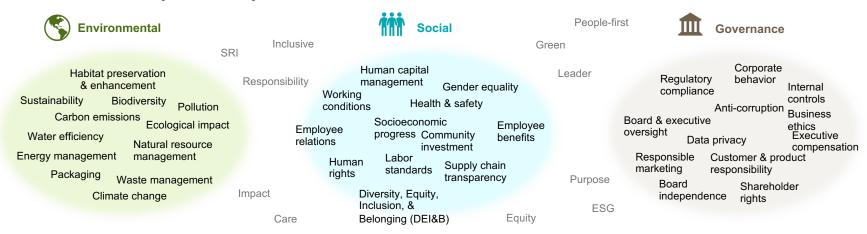
The ESG Landscape

ESG is an alphabet soup of definitions, and can mean different things to different companies and sectors...

Evolution of ESG as a business practice

Philanthropy Corporate Social Responsibility Purpose ESG

ESG is discussed in many different ways...



...and has many different reporting mechanisms

















The Social Responsibility of Business is to Increase its Profits

There is one and only one social responsibility of business—to use its resources and engage in activities designed to increase its profits so long as it stays within the **rules of the game**, which is to say, engages in open and free competition without deception or fraud.

That responsibility is to conduct the business in accordance with their desires, which generally will be to make as much money as possible while conforming to the basic rules of the society, both those embodied in law and those embodied in ethical custom.

Milton Friedman, 1970, New York Times Magazine



Statement of Corporate Purpose (Business Roundtable)



Deliver value to our customers



Invest in our employees

- Compensate them fairly
- Provide important benefits
- Support them through training and education to help develop new skills for a rapidly changing world
- Foster diversity and inclusion, dignity and respect



Deal fairly and ethically with suppliers

 Serve as a good partner to other companies, large and small, that help us meet our missions



Support the communities in which we work

- Respect the people in our communities
- Protect the environment by embracing sustainable processes across businesses



Generate longterm value for shareholders

- Provide the capital that allows companies to invest, grow and innovate
- Commit to transparency and effective engagement with shareholders



Evolving as Laws and Ethical Customs Change





ESG Maturity

Compliance is only the beginning of ESG. Organizations can explore a variety of ways to strategically position ESG so that it becomes embedded in operations rather than having ESG serve only as a risk mitigation or "check the box" exercise.

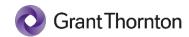
Minimum Reporting regulatory	only to	 Adopts repeatable data collection & reporting processes Minimal involvement in external reporting Engaging some ESG stakeholders 	 Short term ESG objectives identified Defined material ESG issues Moderate involvement in external reporting Engaging all ESG stakeholders Advanced data collection and reporting processes 	 Long term ESG initiatives established ESG performance integrated into bonus/ remuneration plan Heavy involvement in external reporting Reactively addressing stakeholder demands Clear value-add through executed ESG strategies 	Firm mission/investments driven by ESG ESG integrated into firm products/services Initiatives align with science-based targets Proactively addressing stakeholders demands Triple bottom-line outcomes that tie back to ESG investment "Market leader" quadrant for ESG
Con	npliant	Engaged	Operational	Strategic	Core

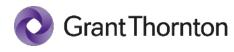


Polling Question 1

How would you describe your organization's ESG maturity?

- A) Compliant reports only required information
- B) Engaged repeatable data collection and processes, minimal reporting
- **C)** Operational advanced data collection/processes, more reporting, appealing to stakeholders
- **D) Strategic** heavy reporting & engagement, linked to bonus/remuneration
- **E)** Core integrated into products/services, reporting, a recognized leader
- F) Not sure





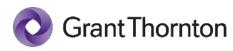


Why Is This Happening?

ESG stakeholders



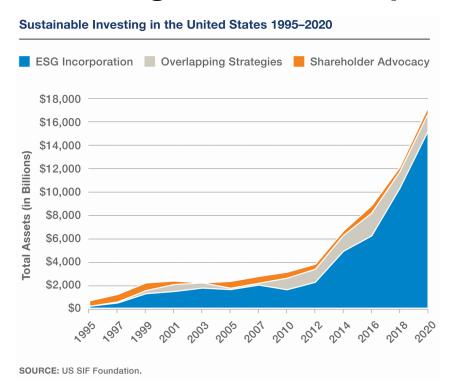






ESG & Investors

Attracting investment capital





\$3.07 to \$17TN between 2012 and 2020



Performed better and recovered quicker after 2008 economic crisis



One out of three dollars under professional management in the U.S.

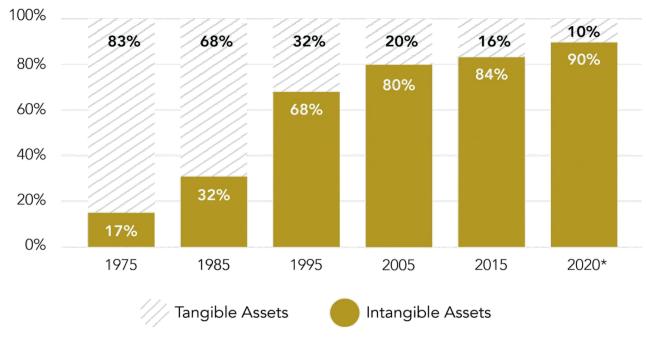


Growing pool of money invested in sustainable companies



What is an Organization 'Worth'?

S&P Europe 350 index - increase from 71% in 2015 to 74% in 2020.





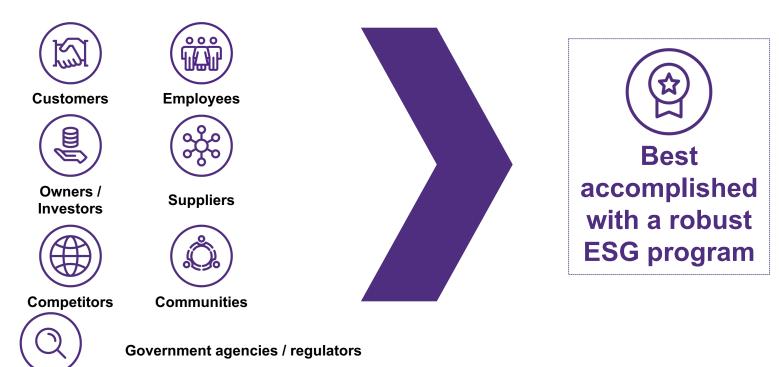
SOURCE: OCEAN TOMO, LLC INTANGIBLE ASSET MARKET VALUE STUDY, 2020 *INTERIM STUDY UPDATE AS OF 7/1/2020

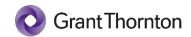




Maximizing intangible assets

Effectively managing relationships with:





SEC and Investors Are Lining Up Behind Key ESG Issues



BlackRock







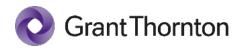
	Regulators	Investors		Proxy advisory firms	
Climate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Board Diversity	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Human Capital	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cybersecurity	✓				

Most stakeholders – from shareholders to employees, to customers, to communities, and regulators – now expect companies to play a role in decarbonizing the global economy.

Few things will impact capital allocation decisions – and thereby the long-term value of your company – more than how effectively you navigate the global energy transition in the years ahead "

- Larry Fink, CEO of BlackRock







ESG & Regulation

Accounting & ESG standards | Timeline

ESG regulation is evolving on a similar trajectory as accounting standards developed – based on the need for reliable, transparent information.

1929 -1934

Stock market crash; SEC established as result in 1934 1940s-1950s

Multiple accounting forms/methods under GAAP creates variation – data is less comparable and decision-useful 1959 - 1960s

1959 disclosure standardized thru APB (now FASB). Accounting shifts from valuation to decision useful information 1970s

IASC (now IASB) established to develop international standards – today oversees IFRS – requirements for public companies in 140+ jurisdictions. 1973 - FASB replaces APB. 1990

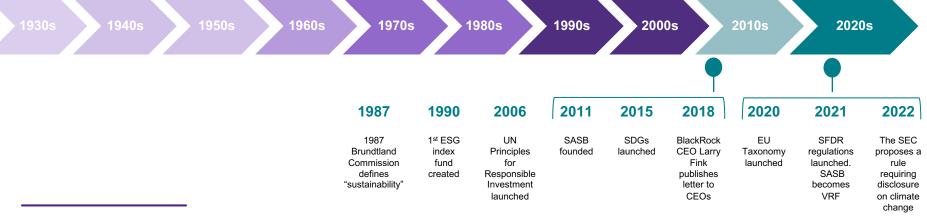
CFO Act requires audited financial statements 2002

As a reaction to Enron, **Sarbanes-Oxley** passes. FASB & IASB agree to more closely align international standards 2010

As reaction to 2008 crisis,
Dodd-Frank Act passes with aims to protect consumers & prevent risky business practices

The SEC proposes a rule requiring disclosure on climate-related risk as aims to standardize ESG disclosure

2022



SEC | Regulatory overview

The US SEC's rule-making agenda includes several proposed rules on ESG topics. Entities that have implemented ESG reporting have a head start; however, the SEC is expected to write its own requirements rather than pulling from existing voluntary standards.

Climate change disclosure (Proposal issued)

Required disclosures proposed:

- Climate-related risks
- GHG emissions

Other ESGrelated topics

Cybersecurity Risk Governance (proposal issued)

Human Capital Management (proposal not issued)

Corporate Board Diversity (proposal not issued)

"The disclosure of this information would provide consistent, comparable, and reliable—and therefore decision-useful—information to investors to enable them to make informed judgments about the impact of climate-related risks on current and potential investments."

- SEC proposed rule on climate-related disclosure



SEC climate change proposed rule overview

The SEC's proposed rule, The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors, would require all registrants to include certain climate-related information in registration statements and periodic reports.

Governance

Board and management expertise, oversight and communication channels on climate-related risks.

Strategy, business model and outlook

Climate-related risks reasonably likely to have a material impact in the short, medium, and long term. Potential impacts and related effect on the Company's strategy and resiliency.

Risk management

Internal process to assess and prioritize risks, any integration into enterprise risk management.

Other conditional items

Scenario analysis, internal carbon price, transition plan, GHG reduction goals

Greenhouse gas emissions metrics

Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, with phased in assurance requirement for large accelerated and accelerated filers. Scope 3 emissions required if material for non-SRCs.

Financial statement metrics

Impact of climate events by financial statement line item, climate-related expenditures (capitalized and expensed), impact of climate-related assumptions on the financial statements

Qualitative

GHG

Financial



SEC | Proposed climate disclosure timeline

The anticipated timeline for calendar year-end filers includes initial reporting in the 2024 Form 10-K, based on timelines in the proposed rule.

Fiscal year. To be filed following year	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Ongoing
Large accelerated filer	• Scope 1 & 2	 Scope 3 Limited assurance Scope 1 & 2 	Scope 3Limited assuranceScope 1 & 2	 Scope 3 Reasonable assurance Scope 1 & 2 	Scope 3Reasonable assurance Scope 1 & 2	Scope 1& 2 (with
Accelerated filer		• Scope 1 & 2	Scope 3Limited assuranceScope 1 & 2	Scope 3Limited assuranceScope 1 & 2	 Scope 3 Reasonable assurance Scope 1 & 2 	reasonable assurance) • Scope 3 (no assurance)
SRC			 Scope 1 & 2 Exempt from Scope 3 & assurance 	Scope 1 & 2	• Scope 1 & 2	Scope 1 & 2 (no assurance)No Scope 3

Progression of climate disclosure





Sources of ESG data & data quality

Facilities management

Procurement

Human resources

Marketing

Finance & accounting

Third party data/utility management vendors

Franchisees / Subsidiaries

Operations

Common issues with ESG data

Source information

Quantity	Units of measure
Quality	Normalization
Accuracy	Timeliness
Completeness	Multiple, disparate sources
Relevance	Transparency
Consistency	Reliability

Control environment

Internal challenges	Service organizations
Lack of policies & procedures	Security
Lack of internal controls	Processing integrity
General immaturity vs. ICFR and	Privacy controls
 COSO components Tone at the top Risk assessment Control environment & activities Information & communication Monitoring 	Availability



ESG data | Emerging repercussions

Breaking news

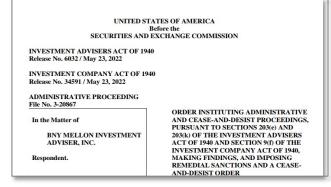
May 23, 2022:

The SEC found that BNY Mellon Investment Advisers made **misleading ESG statements** in prospectuses and even RFP statements.

 This matter arises from material misstatements and omissions made by registered investment adviser BNYMIA concerning the consideration of Environmental, Social, and Governance ("ESG") principles to make investment decisions for certain mutual funds advised by BNYMIA (the "Overlay Funds").

The prospectus stated that quality review was done for all investments, and the SEC felt it lacked appropriate policies and procedures for those reviews.





Source: https://www.sec.gov/litigation/admin/2022/ia-6032.pdf



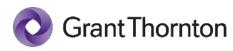
Polling Question 2



Which do you think is/will be the <u>primary</u> 'driver' for ESG disclosures for your organization?

- A) Regulatory requirements
- B) Investors
- C) Customers
- D) Employees
- E) Not sure







ESG & Finance

Polling Question 3



Have you or your department or role been involved with ESG data or reporting to-date?

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) Not sure



ESG assurance overview

Assurance over ESG reporting is increasingly being used and includes varying levels of assurance based on company needs.

Assurance readiness

- · Internal audit support
- · Implementation of disclosure requirements and related reporting controls and procedures
- Assurance readiness gap analysis with recommendations to address prior to seeking external assurance

Limited assurance

- Typically performed over selected ESG metrics, increasingly over full suite of ESG metrics
- · May be required by lending agreements; will be required in SEC proposed rule for certain filers
- Auditor provides negative assurance in a review report; comparable to review of interim financial statements

Reasonable assurance

- Not yet widely used in the U.S. marketplace required in SEC proposed rule for certain filers
- Auditor provides reasonable assurance in an examination opinion; comparable to financial statement audit opinion

Assurance can be provided over selected ESG metrics prepared using suitable disclosures standards and frameworks:













Key ESG metrics:









Greenhouse Gas Energy

Water

Waste



ESG | Increasing focus on controls

As ESG frameworks continue to evolve and merge with the growth of ESG reporting and regulation requirements, Internal Audit can leverage experience to ensure accuracy & completeness over ESG data.

Internal audit					
SOC (AICPA)	COSO Framework				
Technology compliance	Internal controls				
 Security Availability Processing integrity Confidentiality 	 Operations Reporting Compliance 5 components:				
Privacy controls	 Control environment Risk assessment Control activities Information & communication Monitoring activities 				

ESG				
GHG Protocol	Task Force on Climate- related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
Greenhouse gas emissions calculations & reporting	Climate-related risks & opportunities disclosure			
Completeness	Governance			
Accuracy	 Strategy 			
Relevance	Risk management			
Transparency	 Metrics & targets 			
Consistency				



Common risks with ESG data & reporting

Internal audits skills will be useful in addressing some of the common issues with ESG data and reporting, helping to validate information, processes, controls, and decisions as well as identify potential risks.

Greenwashing

False or misleading information about a company, its products or services making them seem more sustainable than in reality

Unintentional error

ESG data originates from many sources in various formats, units, and levels of quality & completeness – all which must be aggregated for reporting

Intentional misstatement

As companies make external commitments, significant incentives to overstate ESG progress exist

What can finance do?

- Process & control assessment
- Data integrity

- Independent review of materiality assessment
- Understand process to select reported topics
- Risk assessment
- Verify actual vs reported progress for public ESG goals



Opportunities for integration with ESG

Internal Audit can play an integral role in several areas of ESG.

ESG data collection, management, & reporting

- · Establish controls to prevent errors that may occur with large quantities of ESG data
- Proactively advise on governance, risks, processes, and controls used in data management & reporting for ESG

ESG software controls (SOC)

 Review specifications and controls of any software system or applications used in ESG data management and reporting

Climate risk implications

- Assist board & ESG managers with managing risks around ESG strategy & implementation
- Target setting and net zero commitments setting & consistency

External assurance assistance over GHG emissions

• Assist external auditors in review and testing of systems, controls, processes, and procedures.

Risk mitigation & management

- •Ensure risk mitigation and management procedures are included in ESG
- Supply chain risks and implications on ESG data accuracy & completeness
- Compliance with regulations & requirements by jurisdictions

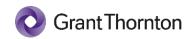


Polling Question 4



Do you believe your organization's ESG data is audit-ready?

- A) Yes
- B) No
- C) Not sure



ESG: Big Opportunity

88%

Of Institutional Investors Worldwide believe ESG metrics should be subject to same standards are operational and financial metrics.

60%

Percentage of people who want a career that aligns with their personal values.

Contact Us

The world is changing. We can help you change with it.



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